

## Chapter - 1

## Peter Rabbit

**Let's Do it !** :— Try it yourself

### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. Yes, it is important to obey our parents because they always say for our good.
2. Peter sat down to rest. He was out of breath and shaking with fright.
3. No, because he will be caught by Mr. Mc Gregor.
4. Flopsy, Mopsy, cotton-tail, and Peter.
5. Peter sobs were overheard by some friendly sparrows and they said. "You must save yourself"

(B) Tick the correct option.

1. (b)    2. (c)    3. (a)

(C) Number these sentences in the correct order.

5, 1, 2, 4, 7, 6, 3

(D) Match the columns.

- |                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Grow — vegetables  | 4. Till — the soil    |
| 2. Water — the plants | 5. Pull — the weeds   |
| 3. Plant — trees      | 6. Sit — under a tree |

### Vocabulary

branch, frame, bright, frost, cream, breathe, cry, bread, create, frog, cross

### Grammar

(A) 1. very    2. quite    3. completely    4. too    5. rather

(B) 1. really    2. pretty    3. very    4. extremely    5. much

### Writing Skills

Yes, there is no better place in the entire world than our home.

1. My house is my favourite place in the world.
2. I live with my mother and father in my house.
3. My house has three rooms and a beautiful garden.
4. I love staying in my house.

5. The magic thing about home is that it feels good to leave, and it feels even better to come back.

Chapter - 2

In the trains

Let's Do it ! :—

Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. Trains carry passengers, mail and their precious loads.
2. Trains run over the mountains, plains, and the rivers.
3. 'Precious loads' mean valuable or important.
4. The means of transport is train, bus or other mode of transport.
5. Name of the poem is 'In the trains' and its poet is James S Tippet.

(B) Tick the correct option.

1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (a)

(C) Desk — time of day when it starts becoming dark

Precious — valuable

Dawn — early morning when sun rises

Freight — mode of transport like bus, train

Vocabulary

- |                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. Plains — trains | 2. Dawn — yawn |
| 3. Mail — fail     | 4. dusk — dark |
| 5. On — gone       | 6. Fail — mail |

Grammar

(A) 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (a)

(B) 1. No, I couldn't swim when I was a baby.

2. Yes, I could go to school yesterday.

3. No, I couldn't board the aircraft without a boarding pass.

(C) 1. left, leave 2. cooked, cook 3. come, come 4. went, go 5. plays, play

Writing Skills



## Grammar

(A) 1. (E) 2. (Q) 3. (S) 4. (S) 5. (Q) 6. (S) 7. (E) 8. (Q) 9. (E) 10. (Q)

- (B) 1. WOW! such a beautiful dress  
2. Do you want to go to the cafe?  
3. Please! bring me a cup of tea.  
4. Simran is a intelligent girl.  
5. Did you meet Mr. Stephen Hawking?  
6. Alas! my dog died.

## Writing Skills

1. Collecting the clay.
2. Kneading the clay after removing any small stones.
3. Shaping the pot using a pot wheel.
4. Heatiny the pot to make it hard.
5. Decoratiny the pot if needed.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 4

## Months of the year

### Let's Do it ! :—

#### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. In march, birds fly here and birds chirp there.
2. (a) clouds crowd the sky.  
(b) rains cats and dogs.  
(c) smell of rain.
3. Because angry rivers and floods on the street.
4. November comes after October
5. Because December is the last month of the year.

(B) 1. In January it's yreezing cold in the hills.

2. The shortest month of the year. Only has twenty eight or twenty nine days.
3. May us the hottest month of the year. The temperature rises every day.
4. In september some day are still wet some days are fine.

5. October brings festival and fun.

(C) Do it yourself.

(D) 1. Twelve 2. February 3. November 4. Monsoon 5. September

## **Vocabulary**

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1. summer 2. cards 3. sunny 4. gloves 5. bread 6. swim suit

## **Grammar**

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- (A) 1. Your shoes are dirty.  
2. This house isn't very big  
3. The shops aren't open today.  
4. My keys are in my bag.  
5. Sudha is ten years old.  
6. You aren't very tall.

- (B) 1. You will fall ill.  
2. Bruno, you are so handsome  
3. You do not give us good food.  
4. I will kill you and eat your flesh.

## **Writing Skills**

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### Problems of winter seasons

1. Runny nose, cough and congestion.
2. Young children and infants may experience cold more frequently.

### Problems of spring seasons

1. It is the more sensitive reason to the health.
2. Various epidemic diseases like common cold smallpox affect our health.

### Problems of summer season

1. Extreme heat one of the biggest disadvantages of summer.
2. High temperatures can cause dehydration.

### Problems of fall season

1. Allergies and colds
2. Inconsistent weather

## Chapter - 5 The foolish lion and the clever Rabbit

### Let's Do it ! :—

#### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. Rabbit walk to the lion's den slowly, and reach because he has an idea to save his life and the lives of all the animals.
2. Foolish.
3. All animals were scared because lion killed the animals in the forest even when the was not hungry.
4. Yes it is important to be strong and powerful but not like lion. We should strong to save our life.
5. His cleverness

(B) Tick the correct option.

1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (b)

(C) 1. Lion said this to rabbit

2. Monkey said this to owl.
3. Owl said this to animals.

### Vocabulary

### Grammar

- (A) 1. lighter than 2. shorter than 3. delicious than 4. brighter than 5. handsome than 6. beautiful than
- (B) 1. excitest 2. sayest 3. 4. 5. most heavy 6. most wonderful

## Chapter - 6

## Seeing things

Let's Do it ! :—

Word	Opposite
coward	brave
together	alone
sitting	standing
white	black
always	never

## Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. I think speaker in the poem is a girl.
2. The speaker in the poem experiences that seeing things at night sometimes they're in the corner sometimes by the door.
3. All colors seem the same at night because there is no light at night.
4. I am not afraid of anyone.

(B) 1. brave 2. the bed 3. are said 4. happy dreams 4. light 5. high

(C) 1. do not — don't

2. was not — wasn't

3. does not — doesn't

4. I am — I'm

5. We are — we're

6. I have — I've

7. He is — he's

8. They will — they'll

9. Are not — aren't

10. It is — it's

Vocabulary

1. Experience
2. Partner
3. Readable
4. Creepy
5. Hungrily
6. Sandwich
7. Friendship
8. Wooden
9. Disappear
10. Accountant

Grammar

(A) Fill in the blanks with correct conjunction.

1. but 2. and 3. so 4. but 5. and 6. because 7. or 8. so

(B) 1. I ate a lot because I was hungry.

2. It started raining when I left the library so I opened my umbrella.

3. Rita liked the green dress so she bought it.

4. I think she is in class four or I think she is in class five.

5. Do you want tea? or Do you want coffee?

6. I like vanilla ice cream and I like chocolate ice-cream.

7. Abhinav rushed out of the house because he was late for school.

## Writing Skills

1. In this picture a boy is sleeping at dark night.

2. He saw a dream

3. In dream he saw things at night.

4. He felt something they are in corner

5. He became very scared.

6. He felt something walking around.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 7

## Value of time

### Let's Do it! :—

#### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. Bees have to work on a sunny day because they were collecting honey.

2. Mehak's mother is angry with her because she has been playing for such a long time.

3. Mehak promises that she will spend her time properly and not waste it

4. The squirrels refuse to play with Mehak because they are collecting food for winter.

5. Mehak doesn't want to go to school because she has not done her homework and she has not even memorised the poem.

6. The ants do not pay attention to Mehak because they are collecting food for winters.

(B) Tick the correct option.

1. sunday 2. unhappy 3. you plan a time table to memorise the poems.

- (C) 1. Mehak said these words to ants.  
2. 'That' refers to the act of collecting food for winter.  
3. Mehak said these words as she thought that the ants were so early in collecting the food as winter was far away.  
4. The ant continued with their work.
- (D) 1. Mehak was thankful that it was a dream because now she still had time study by making time table.  
2. Do it yourself.

### Vocabulary

1. shutter 2. tomorrow 3. letter 4. spelling 5. follow 6. sorry

### Grammar

- (A) 1. and 2. or 3. and 4. or  
(B) 1. because 2. so 3. though 4. because 5. so 6. though  
(C) 1. Eat the apples because they are sweet.  
2. It was very hot so we played indoors.  
3. Krish is happy because he won the race.  
4. Tom went walking because it was raining.  
5. The library was very far so some went by bus.  
6. I love my dog though he barks at everyone.

### Activity time

Do it yourself.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 8

## The Vegetarian Lion

**Let's Do it !** :— Do it yourself.

### Exercise

- (A) Answer the following questions.
1. The lion was in the jungle hospital because once he attacked an elephant and he sprang straight at his head.
  2. 'Given up all meant and roaring' these are two things that 'Veggy' lion no longer does.
  3. The lion eats only carrots now. He ate meat earlier.

4. On seeing blood the lion makes ill because the germs rush in.

(B) Write 'True' or 'False'.

1. False 2. True 3. False 4. False 5. True 6. False

(C) 1. The lion is the speaker.

2. He has given up roaring.

3. He eats only carrot now.

4. He has made this decision on seeing the blood.

5. This tells us that lion become a vegetarian lion.

6. Yes it is strange because lion could not become 'go tweet-tweet'

(D) Think and answer.

1. The lion became vegetarian because when he attacked animals the blood run out and lets the germs rush in.

2. Yes the lion is happy to have become vegetarian because.

a) He eats only carrot

b) They are easy to kill

3. Yes I think a yunny poem and the reasons given below

a) A lion can not become a vegetarian

b) This is possible through the meat

## Vocabulary

Word	Meaning
1. Vegetarian	a) a person who does not eat meat or fish.
2. Non-vegetarian	b) a person who eats meat or fish.
3. Omnivore	c) an animal or person that eats all types of food
4. Insectivore	d) an animal that eats insects
5. Carnivore	e) an animal that eats meat
6. Herbivore	f) an animal that eats only plants
7. Vegan	g) a person who does not eat animal products such as milk eggs, meat.

## Grammar

(A) 1. In school at nine o' clock.

2. A special day.

3. At the top of

4. From the school.

5. Stood in line.

6. Very proud.

(B) 1. word

6. word

2. phrase

7. sentence

3. word

8. sentence

4. word

9. sentence

5. sentence

10. sentence

## Writing Skills

The lion: Veggy lion means the lion who always eat veggy.

You: But it is not possible that the lion could be a veggy lion.

## Activity time

Do it yourself.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

Chapter - 9

## The Emperor and the Nightingale

Let's Do it! :—

Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. The emperor's palace was a magnificent palace in china.
2. A visitor wrote a book about nightingale so when the emperor read the book he asked his servants to bring the nightinagale.
3. A little kitchen maid told him that you'll find nightinagale in the forest.
4. Nightingale lives in his own little golden cage a silver chains around his legs so that he wouldn't fly away.
5. The emperor stopped listening to the nightingale because he was boared listening to the same songs.
6. The emperor became more and more sick because the nightingale now lived in the forest.
7. The nightingale come at his window at very morning and sang to him.

8. The emperor said to the nightingale 'I am sorry please come and stay in the place.

The nightingale promised to come and sing at every morning.

(B) 1. (7) 2. (4) 3. (1) 4. (2) 5. (3) 6. (6) 7. (5)

(C) 1. a) Nightingale b) Nightingale c) Nightingale d) Nightingale

2. Do it yourself.

### Grammar

(A) 1. I 2. she 3. it 4. you 5. we 6. they

(B) 1. me 2. it 3. I 4. them 5. she 6. she 7. them 8. me 9. I 10. her  
11. you

(C) 1. Friends, us 2. his, him 3. my, her 4. I, me 5. they, them 6. I, me

### Writing Skills

My dear grandfather how are you I hope you are healthy. I am writing this letter for sharing what happened on the street. I was walking down the road an old lady was standing at zebra crossing she was unable to cross the road. I helped the old lady to cross the street. I felt very good to help her I am waiting for you reply.

You grand daughter

### Activity time

Do it yourself.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 10

## Butter churn

### Let's Do it ! :—

#### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. She will use rich cream to make butter in the butter churn.
2. The poet want to make butter.
3. She wants to do it for her beard.
4. She decides to stop making butter because her arm began to ache.
5. She will get her butter from the store.
6. The 'magic trick she talks of is butter. She calls it magic because the rich cream is turn into butter

## Vocabulary

Do it yourself.

## Grammar

1. Under the carpet
2. Near the cinema hall
3. Behind the cartain
4. In front of the petrol station
5. Between the two girls

## Writing Skills

1. Grinding
2. Painting the pot
3. Making clay pot

## Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 11

## Genie and the farmer

### Let's Do it ! :—

#### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. The farmer wished to hace a genie as a servant.
2. Genie oppeared before the farmer.
3. The genie looked very big and strong.
4. The genie dug the well in the farmer's fields.
5. The genie bailt a house for the farmer.
6. Genie wanted to eat farmer's flesh.
7. The school master gave a dog to the farmer.
8. The genie could not to the dog's tail straight.

(B) Tick (✓) or a cross (X).

1. (X)
2. (X)
3. (X)
4. (✓)
5. (✓)
6. (X)

(C) 1. Genie said this to farmer.

2. Farmer said this to genie.
3. Genie said this to farmer.
4. Genie said this to farmer.

5. School master to farmer.

6. Genie to farmer.

## Vocabulary

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Circle the correct spelling

1. appear    2. servant    3. village    4. disturb

## Grammar

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(A) 1. she's eating an apple.

2. have breakfast.

3. lie

4. sit on the table.

5. he is waiting for a bus.

6. they are playing football.

(B) 1. is, going    2. what are you eating

3. why are you crying    4. what are you looking at

(C) Complete each sentence, using one of these verbs.

1. I'm working

4. Have

2. Go

5. Stand

3. Swim

## Writing Skills

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If I had a genie as a servant, I would ask him to,

1. To make food for me.

2. To help me in doing my homework.

3. To play with me.

4. To do multiple tasks for me.

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## Answer Key

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Class - 3

Chapter - 12

# The First Tooth

Let's Do it! :—

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1. Apply toothpaste on the brush.

2. Brush your teeth properly

3. Teeth are brighting

## Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. 'Charles and Mary Lamb' has written the poem 'The First tooth'.
2. Rhyming words.

Joy - boy

Show - row

## Rhyming words

1. Has a tiny tooth to show  
I have got a double row.
2. All as white, and all as well  
Yet no one cares for mine at all.
3. This poem is about 'The First Tooth'.
4. The sister is not sharing in the joy of the baby brother's actions because she is jealous of the love and attention the baby gets.
5. Mother likes all the actions of the infant.

(B) Write 'True' or 'False'.

1. False   2. False   3. False   4. True   5. True

(C) 1. Infant has a got a tiny tooth.

2. I refer to the Infant's sister.

3. A double row means she has teeth on both the jaws in mouth.

2. a) here advancing means 'moving forward'.

b) the sister dances well.

c) his advancing is prized more than the best dancing because his mimicking of the first steps

## Vocabulary

<u>ee</u>	<u>ea</u>	<u>ie</u>	<u>ei</u>	<u>y</u>
Breeze	bean	believe	perceive	easy
Beetle	easy	field	receive	funny
Cheese	eagle	thief		grampy
Screen	reach			happy
Sneeze	steam			lucky
	teacher			parsley
				trolley
				valley

## Grammar

(A) Write the objectives in the correct columns.

size	shape	taste	touch	color	sound
large	oval	sweet	uneven	yellow	noisy
tall	round	sour	smooth	green	quiet

(B) Circle the objectives that describe the underlined nouns.

1. Pretty
2. strong
3. red, four
4. colorful
5. round
6. exciting
7. young, frisky

## Writing Skills

To do brush my teeth twice a day and floss at least once a day. Brushing also stimulates the gums which helps to keep them healthy and prevent gum disease we use a good toothpaste for cleaning our teeth.

## Answer Key

Class - 3

## Chapter - 13

## Litterbug

### Let's Do it! :—

green    blue    yellow    black    red

1. (a)
2. (c, d)
3. (f)
4. (b)
5. (e)

### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. Manish's friends nicknamed him 'Litterbug' because he threw wrappers and bits of paper on the school playground.
2. Manish would come to school with muddy uniform his shoes unpolished and laces undone.
3. All the children of his class used the dustbin but Manish simply stood back and watched this made Miss Jaya angry.
4. Manish had eaten bananas in the morning and left the peels on the table.
5. Manish's mother did not clean up his room and washroom because she wanted to give him a lesson.
6. Manish's mother was proud because Manish is a changed boy he has become the tidiest boy in class.

(B) Tick (✓) the correct options.

1. Nine 2. habit 3. unpolished 4. park 5. angry 6. Did not clean.

(C) Think and answer.

1. This line means it is very important to clean any place that we use because living in a clean place prevents dangerous infections diseases.  
2. Dirty

### **Vocabulary**

Write antonyms for the following words from the story.

1. Untidy — tidy 4. upset — happy  
2. Confused — clear 5. clean — dirty  
3. Litter — arrangement 6. disliked — liked

### **Grammar**

(A) Use the correct short forms of the words given in brackets.

1. I'll 2. Isn't 3. Couldn't 4. Musn't 5. I'll 6. Couldn't 7. Couldn't

### **Writing Skills**

#### Picture (1)

In picture one we are seeing a well maintained and a clean room where everything are properly arrange.

#### Picture (2)

In picture two we are seeing a messy room where things are scattered.

### Answer Key

Class - 3

### Chapter - 14

## If I Knew

### Let's Do it ! :-

In earlier I did lots of thing. I loved to play with sand. I used to listen story. I loved playing video games. Me and my sister used to have pillow fight. Even today I love playing video games. When I get some time, I like to play video games.,

### Exercise

(A) Answer the following questions.

1. The poet says this because she wants to fold and hold all the frowns in a large box and lock it with a monster key.

2. a) matter — gather  
b) holding — folding
3. The one thing that I liked in the poem is the poet wishes to spread smiles among the children.
4. She wants to fold and hold all the frowns in a large box and lock it with monster key.
5. That wish was to spread smiles among the children.

(B) Tick (✓) the correct options.

1. b)
2. c)

(C) 1. Draw two face-one with a smile and the other with a frown.

Do it yourself.

2. Do it yourself.

(D) Read the lines from the poem and answer the questions.

1. a) The poet wants to gather all the frowns she meets  
b) She wants to gather it from nursery, school and street.  
c) She wants to fold and hold all the frowns in a large box and locked it with a monster key.
2. a) The poet is trying to open the box where smiles are kept.  
b) She is trying to open it to scatter the smiles for the children.  
c) The poet is determined to try hard to open the box no matter how strong the bolt is or how large the key is

## Vocabulary

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1. Street — meat, sheet
2. Hold — fold, cold
3. Gather — rather, lather
4. Drop — flop crop
5. Scatter — matter, batter

## Grammar

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Look at the pictures and fill in the correct prepositions from the box.

1. On
2. between
3. in
4. under
5. up
6. on

## Writing Skills

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1. As proud as a peacock — he returns about three hours later looking as proud as a peacock as he carefully backs his big red car in the driveway.
2. As free as a bird — he can travel anywhere because he is as free as a bird.
3. As shy as a fox — he always has a plan up his sleeve he is as free as a bird
4. As happy as a lark — after getting first in her class she is as happy as of lark.
5. As gentle as a lamb — the lady in the children's centre as gentle as a lamb

(B) Each expression has incorrect noun. Rewrite them correctly.

1. crew of sailors
2. litter of puppies
3. troupe of dancers
4. band of musicians
5. crowd of spectators

(C) Choose the correct options to complete the paragraph.

1. was watching
2. had
3. had
4. was teaching
5. were travelling

(D) Read the sentences. Circle the correct words.

1. horse
2. sow
3. know
4. sor
5. won
6. right